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APPLICATION 1	NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/657,187		09/09/2003	Masaru Kouno	0229-0776P	1623
2292	7590	03/02/2005		EXAMINER	
		ART KOLASCH &	BLAU, STEPHEN LUTHER		
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747		H, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•		3711	
			·	DATE MAILED: 03/02/2009	ς .

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		10/657,187	KOUNO ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Stephen L. Blau	3711					
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address					
THE - Exte after - If th - If NO - Failt Any	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.136(a). In no event, however, may a re ply within the statutory minimum of thirty d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT te, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22	November 2004.						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Th	is action is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-3,5,7 and 10-13 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) 13 is/are withdrawn Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-3, 5, 7 and 10-12 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	from consideration.						
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
10)	☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	* ' '	` ,					
-11)□	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E		• •					
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureasee the attached detailed Office action for a lis	nts have been received. Its have been received in Appority documents have been received in Appority documents have been received.	plication No eceived in this National Stage					
Attachmen 1)	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗖 🗀						
	e of Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s).	mmary (PTO-413) Mail Date					
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 r No(s)/Mail Date) 5) Notice of Inf 6) Other:	ormal Patent Application (PTO-152) -					

Art Unit: 3711

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Newly submitted claim 13 is directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from

the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: Claim 13 is a method claim which

requires a process of selecting characteristics of a head and satisfying conditions of a formula.

There are other methods of forming heads as claimed without selecting characteristics based on a

formula.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented

invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution

on the merits. Accordingly, claim 13 is withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a

non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The changes to claims are agreed with and the rejections under 35 U.S.C. 112, second

paragraph, are removed.

Double Patenting

Art Unit: 3711

3. The Terminal Disclaimer filed 22 November 2005 has been approved and entered. As such the rejection under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting has been removed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-3, 5, 7, and 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rugge in view of Cackett, Oonuki, Iwata, and Stites.

Rugge discloses a head volume of 250 cc or greater (Col. 5, Lns. 60-63), volumes as high as 285 cc (Table 1), a gravity point distance of 27-33 mm (Col. 5, Lns. 25-31), a distance between a heel end and a shaft center line (Fig. 1), a head having a hollow main body with a face plate attached to a front of a main body (Fig. 5) and a body and face plate made of titanium alloy (Col. 5, Lns. 66 through Col. 6, Lns. 8) in order to have the center of gravity closer to the shaft axis thereby reducing the moment of inertia about the shaft axis making rotation of a head easier during the swing motion and enhance proper perpendicular positioning of the head in relation to the targeted trajectory (Col. 5, Lns. 8-30).

Rugge lacks a head volume not less than 300 cc, the a gravity point distance being the shortest distance between the shaft center line and a projected gravity point on a vertical plane containing the shaft center line meeting the equations of claims 1-3 and 5, a ratio of a moment of inertia of a head around a vertical axis passing through a gravity point to a head volume being in range from 9-11, a sweet spot height being in a range from 25-40 mm and a distance between a heel end and a shaft center line being in a range of 8-16 mm.

Page 4

Cackett discloses a head having a volume not less than 300 cc (Abstract) and a ratio of a moment of inertia of a head around a vertical axis passing through a gravity point to a head volume being in range from 9-11 (Abstract) in order to have the advantages of a large volume and large moment of inertia head (Col. 2, Lns. 38-48). In view of the patent of Cackett it would have been obvious to modify the head of Rugge to have a head volume not less than 300 cc and a ratio of a moment of inertia of a head around a vertical axis passing through a gravity point to a head volume being in range from 9-11 in order to have the advantages of a large volume and large moment of inertia head.

Rugge will have an orientation of a gravity point distance between the shaft center line and a projected gravity point on a vertical plane containing the shaft center line in view of figure 2 and clearly it would be a distance less than the distance from the center of gravity to a shaft axis (Fig. 2). Rugge discloses a center of gravity being 27 mm along a perpendicular distance from a shaft axis and 13 mm from a vertical plane containing the shaft axis (Col. 5, Lns. 42-43). As such a gravity point distance between the shaft center line and a projected gravity point on a vertical plane containing the shaft center line would meet all the equations of claims 1-5 for a 300 cc volume head with the distance being just less than 24 mm (Right triangle having the

hypotenuse side being 27 mm (Col. 5, Lns. 25-31) and one of the other sides being 13 mm (Col. 5, Lns. 32-50)). Oonuki discloses the center of gravity of a head and a center of gravity of the of the scoring area being 20-50 mm away from a shaft axis in a perpendicular direction (Col. 2, Lns. 23-35, Fig. 66). In view of the patent of Oonuki it would have been obvious to modify the head of Rugge to have a gravity point distance as defined by the claims meeting the equations in order to have the center of gravity closer to the shaft axis thereby reducing the moment of inertia about the shaft axis making rotation of a head easier during the swing motion and enhance proper perpendicular positioning of the head in relation to the targeted trajectory.

Iwata discloses a sweet spot height being in a range from 25-40 mm (Col. 16 Table 2). In view of the patent of Iwata it would have been obvious to modify the head of Rugge to have a sweet spot being in a range from 25-40 mm in order to utilize a sweet spot height used in the art.

Stites discloses a distance between a heel end and a shaft center line being in a range of 10-16 mm lacks (Col. 6, Lns. 48-50). In view of the patent of Stites it would have been obvious to modify the head of Rugge to have a distance between a heel end and a shaft center line being in a range of 10-16 mm in order to utilize a distance used in the art, add weight on the heel side of a head to move the center of gravity closer to a shaft and in order to make the head legal to be used in the PGA.

Due to these claims being apparatus claims very little weight is given to the process of how the face plate is attached to the body (i.e. wielding, cast, etc...). The final product is the same of a hollow head with a face being a plate both being a titanium alloy.

Art Unit: 3711

Response to Arguments

6. The argument that the reference of Rugge is improper due to head volumes of 250 to 285 cc were characterized is disagreed with. Rugge did not limit the volume to only this range but to volumes greater than or equal to 250 cc. Clearly an artisan skilled in the art at the time of the invention with heads much larger than 285 cc would see it obvious to apply the advantages of Rugge to current oversized heads as 300 cc as taught by Cackett. A 300 cc head as taught by Cackett with the distance between the shaft axis and the center point as taught by Rugge would satisfy the conditions required by conditions (4) and (5) (((.12 \times 300) -20) = 16 and ((.12 \times 300)-8) = 28. The argument that the combination of references of Rugge and Cackett would result in a head size both less than 300 cc and more than 300 cc is disagreed with. The combination would be oversized heads greater or equal to 250 cc and more than 300 cc as taught by these references. The argument that the reference of Oonik is improper due to Oonuki recommending a design not in the range of prior art 20 -50 mm distances is disagreed with. The examiner was not using Oonik's invention for the distances but to show that it is known to have a wide variety of ranges between the shaft axis and the center of gravity. This would allow a wide variety of ranges between a projected center of gravity on a vertical plane containing the shaft axis.

7. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Art Unit: 3711

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steve Blau whose telephone number is (571) 272-4406. The examiner is available Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. If the examiner is unavailable you can contact his supervisor Greg Vidovich whose telephone number is (571) 272-4415. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0858. (TC 3700 Official Fax 703-872-9306)

slb/ 28 February 2005

STEPHEN BLAU